From the President
Kate Groner, MD

Greetings everyone! As flu season hits its peak and cold weather keeps us all busy, I hope this letter finds you all healthy!

State Issues
Substance abuse concerns - Multiple members of Delaware ACEP from across the state are involved in the newly formed Addiction Action Committee. Stay tuned for more efforts on addressing the opiate epidemic and substance abuse treatment issues within the state.

State Budget - The Governor's budget was released in January. Prior to its release, Delaware ACEP joined DEMSOC in writing letters to encourage the Governor to reinstate the State contribution to County paramedic funding to its previous 30%. We await the next steps in State budget planning.

National Issues

ACEP’s Scientific Assembly was held in Washington DC at the end of October and included a day of lobbying on the Hill - a White Coat Day. During this visit, representatives from Delaware ACEP met with healthcare legislative aids for Sen. Carper, Sen. Coons, and Rep. Blunt-Rochester, as well as were able to have a great conversation with Rep. Blunt-Rochester herself. All were encouraged to continue to support legislation that ensures that emergency visits are covered by insurance providers. We also offered to help arrange ED visits for the Senators, Representative, and their staff. If anyone would like to offer their ED as a site to visit, please let us know!

Nationally we have seen several states where insurance companies, notably Anthem, have been retroactively declining or down-coding ED bills for visits that are deemed non-emergent based on diagnoses. This is in direct contradiction to the Prudent Layperson Standard. National ACEP has put out statements against this practice and is actively engaged in efforts to counteract this practice. See below for a video and more details.

Chapter Issues

Our next chapter meeting will be held on February 13th in Newark. Please RSVP to Sherrill if you are planning to join us! This year we will be nominating and selecting our next Chapter President Elect.

Please call or email any time if you have any questions, concerns, or if you would like to be involved in any state or national issues! We wish you all the best as you continue to work each day to serve our patients and provide the highest level of compassionate emergency care.

Sincerely,
ACEP's Viral Video Campaign to Expose Anthem Policy

ACEP recently launched a video campaign to expose Anthem Blue Cross Blue Shield for denying coverage to emergency patients, based on an undisclosed list of diagnoses, for conditions the insurance giant considers non-urgent. For a copy of the full press release, please contact Michael Baldyga, ACEP Senior Public Relations Manager. This policy is active in six states - Georgia, Indiana, Kentucky, Missouri, New Hampshire and Ohio - but more Anthem states will follow, and more health insurance companies, if this effort isn't stopped. Anthem's policy is unlawful, because it violates the prudent layperson standard that is in federal law and 47 state laws.

Special thanks to ACEP video cast members Dr. Jay Kaplan, Dr. Alison Haddock, Dr. Ryan Stanton and Dr. Supid Bose - and ACEP staffers Mike Baldyga, Elaine Salter, Darrin Scheid and Rekia Speight!

Help us make the video go viral and top last year's that generated nearly 300,000 views on
YouTube and Facebook! Please post it to Facebook pages, e-mail it to colleagues and Tweet about it using #FairCoverage and #StopAnthemBCBS.

Help Us Celebrate ACEP's 50th Anniversary

You can help us ensure we have the most diverse, and most complete, historical collection of everything!

Follow us on Twitter and Facebook to see our weekly Tues/Thurs 50th Anniversary posts

Talking 50th Anniversary on social media? Use #EMeverymoment

Show your EM pride with ACEP's new “Anyone. Anything. Anytime.” Facebook profile frame

Visit our 50th Anniversary site here for year-round updates

Got something cool to share about the college’s history, or your own with EM? Click here!

Upcoming CEDR Webinar

In depth review of the steps and process involved using CEDR for Group or Individual 2018 MIPS Reporting. Topics for this webinar will include selection of reportable measures, Advancing Care Information data entry, and Improvement Activity reporting through CEDR.

Register for the Reporting MIPS through CEDR webinar to be held on March 13, 2018
at 1:00 PM CDT. After registering, you will receive a confirmation email containing information about joining the webinar.

New ACEP Tool Helps you Keep Track of Ultrasound Scans

Emergency physicians regularly apply for hospital credentials to perform emergency procedures including emergency ultrasound. Theoretically, ultrasound training, credentialing and billing should be no different than other emergency procedures where training occurs in residency and an attestation letter from the residency is sufficient for local credentialing. When such training occurs outside of residency, “proctored pathways” often serve to assure competency. There is still a lack of understanding and awareness in the general medical community that emergency physicians routinely train in and perform point-of-care ultrasound.

The ACEP Emergency Ultrasound Tracker was created to assist members in achieving official recognition of ultrasound skills. This tool allows you to easily keep track of ultrasound scans you have performed over the course of your career in emergency medicine. It also allows you to upload relevant documents that attest to your training. After inputting and self-attesting to your ultrasound information you may download a letter of recognition from ACEP so long as you have attested to meeting the recommendations for emergency ultrasound training put forth in the ACEP Ultrasound Guidelines (PDF). We hope you find this tracker tool helpful and useful in your practice.
New ACEP Award

Community Emergency Medicine Excellence Award
We are pleased to announce that the ACEP Board of Directors approved a new award to recognize individuals who have made a significant contribution in advancing emergency care and/or health care within the community in which they practice. While the College currently has a number of awards to recognize excellence in emergency medicine this award is focused on the emergency physician who has made a significant contribution to the practice of emergency medicine in their community. Examples of significant contributions to the specialty and community may include, but are not limited to, community outreach, public health initiatives, or exemplary bedside clinical care.

Nominees must be an ACEP member for a minimum of five years and not received a national ACEP award previously. Entries are due no later than May 14, 2018.

The nomination form and additional information can be found here.

Articles of Interest in Annals of Emergency Medicine

Sandy Schneider, MD, FACEP
ACEP Associate Executive Director, Practice, Policy and Academic Affairs

ACEP would like to provide you with very brief synopses of the latest articles in Annals of Emergency Medicine. Some of these have not appeared in print. These synopses are not meant to be thorough analyses of the articles, simply brief introductions. Before incorporating into your practice, you should read the entire articles and interpret them for your specific patient population.

Babi FE, Oakley E, Dalziel SR, et al.
Accuracy of Physician Practice Compared to Three Head Injury Decision Rules in Children: A Prospective Cohort Study.
This study looks at the application of common decision rule regarding head injury in children and compare this to clinical judgement of experienced physicians. The authors did a prospective observational study of children presenting with mild closed head injuries (GCS 13-15). They found their group of clinicians were very accurate at identifying children who had a
clinically important traumatic brain injury (sensitivity 98.8%, specificity of 92.4%). This was better than the decision rules also applied to these children which included PECARN, CATCH and CHALICE.

April MD, Oliver JJ, Davis WT, et al.
Aromatherapy versus Oral Ondansetron for Antiemetic Therapy Among Adult Emergency Department Patients: A Randomized Controlled Trial.
Inhaled isopropyl alcohol as an aroma therapy has been described as effective is treating post-operative nausea. In this study, the authors compared inhaled isopropyl alcohol to placebo, alone or with oral ondansetron. They found that the aromatherapy with or without ondansetron had greater nausea relief than placebo or ondansetron alone. They recommend a trial of aromatherapy for patients with nausea who do not require immediate IV treatment.

e Silva LOJ, Scherber K, Cabrera d, et al.
Safety and Efficacy of Intravenous Lidocaine for Pain Management in the Emergency Department: A Systematic Review.
This is a systematic review of the literature on IV lidocaine for pain. There were only 6 randomized control trials of lidocaine for renal colic. The results were variable. Lidocaine did not appear to be effective for migraine headache but there were only 2 studies of this. The authors concluded that we do not have enough data at this time to definitively comment on the use of lidocaine for pain in the ED.

White DAE, Giordano TP, Pasalar S, et al.
Acute HIV Discovered During Routine HIV Screening with HIV Antigen/Antibody Combination Tests in 9 U.S. Emergency Departments
This study looked at HIV screening programs in 9 EDs located in 6 different cites over a 3 year period. There were 214,524 patients screened of which 839 (0.4%) were newly diagnosed. Of the newly diagnosed 14.5% were acute HIV (detectible virus but negative antibody) and 85.5% were established HIV (positive antibody test). This study reminds us that many patients with acute HIV will have a negative screening test that relies strictly on antibody. Many of these patients present with flu like illness as their initial presentation.

Axeem S. Seabury SA, Menchine M, et al.
Emergency Department Contribution to the Prescription Opioid Epidemic.
There has been much discussion of the opioid epidemic in both the professional and lay press. Emergency physicians tend to write a lot of prescriptions but for very small amounts. This study examined prescriptions for opioids from 1996-2012. During this period opioid prescription rates
rose in private office settings and declined in the ED. For patients receiving high numbers of opioids, only 2.4% received opioids from the ED.

Welcome New Members

Pavitra Krishnamani